

Cameroon



Introduction

Cameroon is a country in Western Africa that borders the Bight of Biafra. Neighboring countries include the Central African Republic, Chad, the Republic of the Congo,



Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, and Nigeria. The geography of Cameroon is diverse with coastal plains in the southwest, plateau in the center, mountains in the west, and plains in the north. The

government system is a multiparty presidential regime republic; the chief of state is the president, and the head of government is the prime minister. Cameroon has a mixed

economic system which includes a variety of private freedom, combined with centralized economic planning and government regulation. Cameroon is a member of the Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS).



Location: Middle Africa
Capital City: Yaounde (+1 GMT)
Chief of State: President Paul Biya

Head of Govt.: Prime Minister Joseph Ngute

Currency: Communaute Financiere Africaine

franc (XAF)

Major Languages: 24 major African language groups,

English (official), French (official)

Primary Religions: Roman Catholic 33.1%, Muslim

30.6%, Protestant 27.1% other Christian 6.1%, animist 1.3%, other

0.7%, none 1.2% (2022 est.)

Calling Code: 237 Voltage: 220

Key Websites

Main Government Page: spm.gov.cm

Kev Economic Facts

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Income Level (by per capita GNI):	Lower Middle Income			
Level of Development:	Developing			
GDP, PPP (current international \$):	\$123.05 billion (2022)			
GDP growth (annual %):	3.54% (2022)			
GDP per capita, PPP (current international \$):	\$4,408.05 (2022)			
External debt stocks, total (DOD, current US\$):	\$16,003,268,414.40 (2021)			
Manufacturing, value added (% of GDP):	12.94% (2022)			
Current account balance (BoP, current US\$):	-\$1.80 billion (2021)			
Inflation, consumer prices (annual %):	6.25% (2022)			
Labor force, total:	11,577,796 (2022)			
Unemployment, total (% of total labor force) (modeled ILO estimate):	4.00% (2022)			
Imports of goods and services (current US\$):	\$9.09 billion (2022)			
Exports of goods and services (current US\$):	\$8.61 billion (2022)			
CDP Composition %				

GDP Composition %

Agriculture	Services	Industry	Manufacturing	
17	50	25	13	

*Although Manufacturing is included in the Industry figures, it is also separately reported because it plays a critical role in economy.

Rankings

Index	Rank
Corruption Perceptions Index	141 / 178
Global Competitiveness Index	123 / 141
Global Enabling Trade Index	130 / 136
Index of Economic Freedom	139 / 176
International Logistics Performance Index (LPI)	95 / 160
Inward FDI Potential Index	109 / 139
KOF Index of Globalization	145 / 185
Networked Readiness Index (NRI)	124 / 139
Open Budget Index	77 / 114

Risk Assessment (Provided by Coface)

outlook and a business environment with many troublesome weaknesses can have a significant impact on corporate payment behavior. Corporate default probability is high. **Business Climate rating: A1 -** The business environment is very good. Corporate financial information is available and reliable. Debt collection is efficient. Institutional quality is very good. Intercompany transactions run smoothly in environments rated A1.

Country rating: C - A very uncertain political and economic

Strengths

- Diversified natural resources (oil, natural gas, iron, wood, cocoa, etc.)
- Development of gas capacities in a favorable shortterm environment
- Strong hydroelectric potential
- Efforts to modernise transport infrastructure (ports, roads, railroads)
- Major player in the Central African Economic and Monetary Community (CEMAC) and the Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS)
- CFA franc pegged to the euro, but limited common reserves at the Bank of Central African States (BEAC)

Weaknesses

- Unstable business environment, poor governance and endemic corruption
- Infrastructure deficit (energy, access to water, sanitation)
- External and public accounts dependent on commodity prices (especially a declining oil sector)
- Insufficient efforts to mobilise public revenue (14.5% of GDP in 2023)
- Insecurity in the west and north of the country (secessionist movements and terrorism)
- Succession of President Biya (91, in office since 1982) a source of political uncertainty

U.S. Embassy

The United States Embassy in Cameroon Avenue Rosa Parks P.O. Box 817 Yaounde



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Cameroon Tel:(237) 2220-1500

https://cm.usembassy.gov