North Macedonia is a small, landlocked country located in the central Balkan Peninsula in Southeastern Europe. It borders Albania, Bulgaria, Greece, Kosovo, and Serbia. North Macedonia is a major transportation corridor from Western and Central Europe to the Aegean Sea and Southern Europe to Western Europe. The government system is a parliamentary republic; the chief of state is the president, and the head of government is the prime minister. North Macedonia has a small, open economy that is vulnerable to economic developments in Europe and dependent on regional integration for continued economic growth.

Location: Southern Europe  
Capital City: Skopje (+1 GMT)  
Chief of State: President Stevo Pendarovski  
Head of Govt.: Caretaker Prime Minister Talat Xhaferi  
Currency: Macedonian denar (MKD)  
Major Languages: Macedonian (official) 61.4%, Albanian (official) 24.3%, Turkish 3.4%, Romani 1.7%, other (includes Aromanian (Vlach) and Bosnian) 2%, persons for whom data were taken from administrative sources and no language data was available 7.2% (2021 est.)<p>Macedonian Orthodox 46.1%, Muslim 32.2%, other Christian 13.8%, other and non-believers 0.5%, unspecified 0.2%, persons for whom data were taken from administrative sources and no religious affiliation data was available 7.2% (2021 est.)</p>  
Calling Code: 389  
Voltage: 220

Key Websites
  
Main Government Page: vlada.mk  
Export Promotion Agency: investnorthmacedonia.gov.mk  
Investment Promotion Agency: investnorthmacedonia.gov.mk

**Introduction**

North Macedonia is a small, landlocked country located in the central Balkan Peninsula in Southeastern Europe. It borders Albania, Bulgaria, Greece, Kosovo, and Serbia. North Macedonia is a major transportation corridor from Western and Central Europe to the Aegean Sea and Southern Europe to Western Europe. The government system is a parliamentary republic; the chief of state is the president, and the head of government is the prime minister. North Macedonia has a small, open economy that is vulnerable to economic developments in Europe and dependent on regional integration for continued economic growth.

**Country Rating:** C - A very uncertain political and economic outlook and a business environment with many troublesome weaknesses can have a significant impact on corporate payment behavior. Corporate default probability is high.

**Business Climate Rating:** A4 - The business environment is acceptable. Corporate financial information is sometimes neither readily available nor sufficiently reliable. Debt collection is not always efficient and the institutional framework has shortcomings. Intercorporate transactions may thus run into appreciable difficulties in the acceptable but occasionally unstable environments rated A4.

**Strengths**

- Association and Stabilization Agreement with the EU, candidate for accession since 2003
- Integrated into the European manufacturing chain
- Close to factories in central Europe and at the meeting point of two European corridors
- Wage competitiveness
- Support from European donors
- High levels of remittances from expatriate workers (13.7% of GDP)
- Denar pegged to the euro

**Weaknesses**

- Low employment rate (48%), high structural unemployment and lack of productivity due to inadequate training
- Large informal economy due to inefficient government and cumbersome regulation
- Sustained emigration to the EU of young people, who face a 37.2% unemployment rate
- High level of euroization (36.7% of bank deposits and 41.4% of credit)
- Inadequate transport, energy, health and education infrastructure
- Polarised political landscape
- Tensions between Slavic majority and Albanian minority
- Lengthy EU accession negotiations in prospect, due to insufficient progress in efforts to fight corruption and organized crime and strengthen the rule of law

**Key Economic Facts**

- **Income Level (by per capita GNI):** Upper Middle Income
- **Level of Development:** Developing
- **GDP, PPP (current international $):** $41.49 billion (2022)
- **GDP growth (annual %):** 2.15% (2022)
- **GDP per capita, PPP (current international $):** $20,161.75 (2022)
- **External debt stocks, total (DOD, current US$):** $10,839,504,439.00 (2021)
- **Manufacturing, value added (% of GDP):** 13.10% (2022)
- **Current account balance (BoP, current US$):** -$0.84 billion (2022)
- **Inflation, consumer prices (annual %):** 14.20% (2022)
- **Labor force, total:** 940,107 (2022)
- **Unemployment, total (% of total labor force) (modeled ILO estimate):** 15.08% (2022)
- **Imports of goods and services (current US$):** $13.01 billion (2022)
- **Exports of goods and services (current US$):** $10.16 billion (2022)

**GDP Composition %**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Agriculture</th>
<th>Services</th>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Manufacturing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rank</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Although Manufacturing is included in the Industry figures, it is also separately reported because it plays a critical role in economy.

**Risk Assessment** (Provided by Coface)

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North Macedonia

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