Introduction

South Korea is a country in Eastern Asia occupying the southern half of the Korean Peninsula. It borders the Sea of Japan, the Yellow Sea, and North Korea. South Korea's terrain is mostly mountainous. The government system is a republic; the chief of state is the president, and the head of government is the prime minister. South Korea has a mixed economic system which includes a variety of private freedom, combined with centralized economic planning and government regulation. South Korea is a member of the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) and the Asia-Pacific Trade Agreement (APTA).

Location: Eastern Asia  
Capital City: Seoul (+9 GMT)  
Chief of State: President Moon Jae-in  
Head of Govt.: Prime Minister Lee Nak-yeon  
Currency: South Korean won (KRW)  
Major Languages: Korean, English (widely taught in junior high and high school)  
Primary Religions: Christian 31.6% (Protestant 24%, Roman Catholic 7.6%), Buddhist 24.2%, other or unknown 0.9%, none 43.3% (2010 survey)  
Calling Code: 82  
Voltage: 220

Key Economic Facts

Income Level (by per capita GNI): High Income  
Level of Development: Developed  
GDP, PPP (current international $): $1,998.13 billion (2017)  
GDP growth (annual %): 3.06% (2017)  
GDP per capita, PPP (current international $): $38,824.12 (2017)  
Manufacturing, value added (% of GDP): 27.57% (2017)  
Current account balance (BoP, current US$): $75.23 billion (2017)  
Inflation, consumer prices (annual %): 1.94% (2017)  
Unemployment, total (% of total labor force) (modeled ILO estimate): 3.80% (2018)  
Imports of goods and services (current US$): $576.91 billion (2017)  

GDP Composition %

Agriculture: 2  
Services: 53  
Industry: 36  
Manufacturing: 28

*Although Manufacturing is included in the Industry figures, it is also separately reported because it plays a critical role in economy.

Rankings

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Risk Assessment (Provided by Coface)

Country rating: A2 - The political and economic situation is good. A basically stable and efficient business environment nonetheless leaves room for improvement. Corporate default probability is low on average.

Business Climate rating: A1 - The business environment is very good. Corporate financial information is available and reliable. Debt collection is efficient. Institutional quality is very good. Intercompany transactions run smoothly in environments rated A1.

Strengths

- Diversified industrial base
- Leader in high-end electronics
- Highly successful educational system
- High public R&D spending
- Increased investments in Asia

Weaknesses

- Increased competition from China (steel, shipbuilding, textiles)
- Weight of commodities imports
- High level of household indebtedness
- Ageing population
- High youth unemployment despite successful education system
- Unpredictability of the North Korean regime
- Proportion of chaebols in the economy

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